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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	DWAYNE MONTGOMERY,	No. 2:22-cv-1156-KJM-KJN P
12	Plaintiff,	
13	V.	<u>ORDER</u>
14	M. CULUM, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
16		
17	Plaintiff, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, has filed this civil rights action seeking relief	
18	under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge as provided	
19	by 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 302.	
20	On March 28, 2023, the magistrate judge filed findings and recommendations, which were	
21	served on plaintiff and which contained notice to plaintiff that any objections to the findings and	
22	recommendations were to be filed within fourteen days. F&R, ECF No. 17. Plaintiff has not	
23	filed objections to the findings and recommendations.	
24	The court presumes any findings of fact are correct. See Orand v. United States, 602 F.2d	
25	207, 208 (9th Cir. 1979). The magistrate judge's conclusions of law are reviewed de novo. See	
26	Robbins v. Carey, 481 F.3d 1143, 1147 (9th Cir. 2007) ("[D]eterminations of law by the	
27	magistrate judge are reviewed de novo by both the district court and [the appellate] court	
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...."). Having reviewed the file, the court finds the findings and recommendations to be supported by the record and by the proper analysis.

The court writes separately to confirm plaintiff cannot raise a claim based on court orders in *Coleman v. Newsom*, Case No. 90-CV-520-KJM-DB (E.D. Cal). While orders in *Coleman* illuminate the requirements of the Eighth Amendment as applied to seriously mentally ill inmates, see generally Coleman v. Brown, 28 F. Supp. 3d 1068 (E.D. Cal. 2014), the court "cannot create or expand constitutional rights," *Cagle v. Sutherland*, 334 F.3d 980, 987 (11th Cir. 2003). For that reason, *Coleman* orders do not give rise to an independent cause of action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. As the magistrate judge found, plaintiff's third claim states a cognizable claim for relief under the Eighth Amendment against defendants. The court notes plaintiff's third claim for relief may encompass alleged Eighth Amendment violations based on use of force on mentally ill inmates either under the umbrella of, or separate from, the Eighth Amendment requirements for adequate mental health care.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 1. The findings and recommendations filed March 28, 2023, are adopted in full; and
- 2. To the extent plaintiff has raised one or more claims based solely on *Coleman v*.
- *Newsom*, Case No. 90-cv-0520 KJM DB P, those claims are dismissed.

18 DATED: July 11, 2023.